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(54) Title: CHROMOGENIC SUBSTRATES OF SIALII	DASE A	AND METHODS OF MAKING AND USING THE SAME

(57) Abstract

The subject invention discloses materials and methods for the design, synthesis, and biochemical evaluation of chromogenic substrate compounds for sialidases of bacterial, viral, protozoa, and vertebrate (including humans) origin. In particular, this invention provides a novel class of effective compounds as chromogenic substrates of these sialidases which yield chromogenic products after reactions catalyzed by sialidases take place. Also provided are methods of making these substrate compounds, methods of diagnosis and prognosis of sialidase related diseases using these substrate compounds.

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DESCRIPTION

CHROMOGENIC SUBSTRATES OF SIALIDASE AND METHODS OF MAKING AND USING THE SAME

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The research related to this invention is in part supported by a contract from the University of Alabama at Birmingham as a grant from the US Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, grant number MDA 972-97-K-0002.

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Field of the Invention

The current invention relates to the design, synthesis, and biochemical evaluation of chromogenic substrate compounds for sialidases of bacterial, viral, protozoa, and vertebrate (including humans) origin. In particular, this invention provides a novel class of effective compounds as chromogenic substrates of these sialidases which yield chromogenic products after reactions catalyzed by sialidase take place. Also provided are methods of making these substrate compounds, methods of diagnosis and prognosis of sialidase related diseases using these substrate compounds.

Background of the Invention

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Sialidase (EC, 3.2..1.18, also known as neuraminidase, acylneuraminyl hydrolase) is a protein enzyme produced by many organisms such as bacteria, viruses, protozoa, and vertebrates including humans (Hirst, G.K. [1941] *Science* 94:22-23). This class of enzymes catalyzes the hydrolysis of a terminal sialic acid which is linked to oligosaccharides through an O-glycosidic bond. Crystal structure of sialidases showed that the enzyme has a highly conserved active site centered in a propeller like β-sheet twirl (Crennell, S.J. *et al.* [1993] *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:9852-9856).

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Sialidases perform many critical biological functions. In bacteria, sialidase helps bacterial adhesion to tissues, and provides additional nutritional sources (Crennell, S. et al. [1994] Structure 2(6):535-544). In viruses, it helps the release of progeny viruses (Liu, C. et al. [1995] J. Virol. 69:1099-1106). In a parasite, Trypanosoma cruzi, a sialidase (also known as trans-sialidase) removes sialic acids from infected cells and decorates its own surface with these sialic acids. In humans, sialidases are involved in protein digestion, immune responses, and cell proliferation. Abnormal production of sialidases may lead to serious human diseases such as sialidosis or increased Pseudomonas aeruginosa infection in cystic fibrosis patients.

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Since sialidases are associated with many diseases, a color-producing substrate of sialidase would be an excellent diagnostic or prognostic reagent for sialidase-related diseases. For instance, sialidase level is elevated in bacterial vaginosis (Briselden, A.M. et al. [1992] J. Clin. Microbiol. 30:663-666). Measurement of sialidase level in the vaginal samples could be used to diagnose bacterial vaginosis. In periodontal disease caused by bacterial infection, it has been shown that presence of sialidase increases the colonization of harmful bacteria (Liljemark, W.F. et al. [1989] Caries Res. 23:141-145). The cell invasion form of T. cruzi, Trypomastigote, expresses high levels of trans-sialidase activity; therefore, measurement of trans-sialidase level could be used for diagnosis of T. cruzi infection and for monitoring disease progress (Cross, G.A., G.B. Takle [1993] Annu. Rev. Microbiol. 47:385-411). In cystic fibrosis patients, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infection is one of the leading causes of death. Sialidase was shown to be involved in the disease progress (Cacalano, G. et al. [1992] J. Clin. Invest. 89:1866-1874). Sialidase is also related to the regulation of cell proliferation (Bratosin, D. et al. [1995] Glycoconj. J. 12:258-267), the clearance of plasma proteins (Bonten, E. et al. [1996] Genes & Devel. 10:3156-3169), and the catabolism of gangliosides and glycoproteins (Gornati, R. et al. [1997] Mol. Cell Biochem. 166:117-124).

Currently, there is available a synthetic substrate of sialidase, 4-methylumbelliferyl-B-acetyl-neuraminic acid (4-MUN) (Lentz, M.R., R.G. Webster, G.M. Air [1987] Biochemistry 26:5351-5358), which produces a product with characteristic fluorescence spectrum upon hydrolysis. This change of fluorescence spectrum can only be measured with a specialized instrument (fluorospectrometer). The substrate compounds of the current invention produce a visible color change upon hydrolysis, which is highly advantageous in medical diagnostic applications.

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Brief Summary of the Invention

In one embodiment, the current invention relates to the design and synthesis of novel chromogenic substrate compounds for sialidases. In another embodiment, the subject invention pertains to the use of the novel chromogenic substrates in assays for the detection of sialidases. The sialidases which are detected using the procedures and compounds of the subject invention are of bacterial, viral, protozoa, and vertebrate (including human) origin. In a specific embodiment, the subject invention provides a novel class of compounds which are useful as chromogenic substrates of sialidases.

In one embodiment, the present invention provides chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

wherein, R₁ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R₂ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R₄ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R₅ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R₃ = OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂, where *k* is an integer from 1 to 3, or

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O & O \\
\hline
 & S & R_1 \\
\hline
 & R_2 \\
\hline
 & OR_6
\end{array}$$

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_5
 R_4

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3.

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the formula of General Structure I, wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 ,

OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ or R₄ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂, where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & CH = CH & S \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 & S \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CO_2 & H \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 & CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CO_2 & H \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_3 &$$

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_nCH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3.

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Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the formula of General Structure I, wherein, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_3(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, OC_2 , $OC(O)R_7$,

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$,

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OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H or (CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, R₆ = H, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂, CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)(CH₂)_mCH₃, or (CH₂)_mCH₃, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₇ = R₆, OR₆, or N(R₆)₂.

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

HO OH CO₂H O O O General Structure IIIa
$$R_1$$
 R_2

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_3 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_3$, OSO_3R_3 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_3$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, CH_3 , or CH_3 , where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, CH_3 , CH_3 , CH_3 , CH_3 , or CH_3 , or

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_3 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_3$, OSO_3R_3 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_3$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, CH_2CH_3 , CH_3 , CH_3 , or CH_3 , where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

HO OH CO₂H
$$R_7$$
 R_5 R_4 General Structure IVa

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wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_{8} , $OC(O)R_{9}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{8})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{8}$, $C(O)N(R_{8})_{2}$, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 10 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_1 =$ H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 15 $OSO_2(CH_1)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_6 . OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , 20 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_4R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_0$, 25 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

Also provided are chromogenic sialidase substrate compounds having the following formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_{23}$ Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₇CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 5 OSO_1R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₄, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_8 , 10 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_1)_iCH_1$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H_1$, OR_8 , 15 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = R_8$, 20 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

The subject invention further pertains to analogs, salts, derivatives, and mixtures of the subject compounds.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1a. A red color change produced by the substrate compound 14 (a) no sialidase added (left), (b) with sialidase added (right).

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Figure 1b. An orange color change produced by the substrate compound 11 (a) no sialidase added (left), (b) with sialidase added (right).

- Figure 2 synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structure I are summarized in this reaction scheme.
- Figure 3 synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structure II are summarized in this reaction scheme.

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- Figure 4 synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structures IIIa and IIIb are summarized in this reaction scheme.
- Figure 5 synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structures IVa and IVb are summarized in this reaction scheme.
- Figure 6 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (4), and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- β -D-neuraminic acid (5).
- Figure 7 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-[4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]- α -D-neuraminic acid (6).
- Figure 8 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of 4-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzaldehyde (8), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (9), and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (10).
- Figure 9 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of *N*-acetyl-2-O-[3-methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]- α -D-neuraminic acid (11).
- Figure 10 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of methyl *N*-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (12) and *N*-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (13).
- Figure 11 shows an overall scheme for the preparation of *N*-acetyl-2-O-[2-methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]- α -D-neuraminic acid (14).
- Figure 12 shows the overall scheme for preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-(5-bromo-4-chloroindol-3-yl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (28).

Detailed Disclosure of the Invention

The subject invention pertains to materials and methods useful for detecting sialidase. Sialidase is an enzyme known to be associated with a variety of pathological conditions. Sialidases are produced by bacteria, viruses, and protozoa; therefore, detecting

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the presence of sialidase in a biological sample can be indicative of the presence of these microbes. In specific embodiments, the detection of sialidases can be performed according to the subject invention in order to identify vaginal and periodontal infections, as well as to detect *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in cystic fibrosis patients.

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The presence of sialidase is detected according to the subject invention through the use of novel chromogenic substrate compounds. These compounds advantageously provide a visible color change when acted upon by sialidase. Thus, these substrates, when utilized according to the teachings of the subject invention, can be used to easily and accurately detect the presence of sialidase in a sample. In a preferred embodiment, the sample which is tested is a biological sample such as blood, mucous, saliva, and the like.

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The subject invention provides compounds having structures as shown in General Structures I, II, IIIa, IIIb, IVa, and IVb. The invention further includes derivatives, analogs, and salts of the exemplified compounds. These derivatives, analogs, and salts, which can readily be prepared by one skilled in the art and having the benefit of the instant disclosure, fall within the scope of the present invention so long as such compounds have the characteristic of producing a color change when acted upon by a sialidase enzyme.

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The compounds of the subject invention can be employed in a wide variety of assay formats. Typically, the assay will involve contacting a sample to be tested for the presence of sialidase with a chromogenic enzyme substrate of the subject invention. A color change occurring after the sample is contacted with the substrate is indicative of the presence of sialidase. The assay may optionally utilize positive and/or negative controls to aid in the interpretation and verification of the results. The results may also be quantified using standard optical measuring instrumentation.

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Materials and Methods

Biochemical Evaluation for the Chromogenic Product of Sialidase Substrate

Compounds. Sialidase can be obtained from, for example, purified recombinant bacterial sialidase from Salmonella T., whole influenza virus, or culture medium containing secreted human sialidase from 2CFSME $_{0}$ cell line. The sialidase preparation is added to a buffer of 0.1 M sodium acetate at pH6.0, and the substrate compound is provided at about 0.5 mM concentration. The reaction takes place in room temperature for 20 mins in a volume of 100 μ l. At the end of the reaction, the pH is adjusted by adding a solution (0.2 M glycine, and sodium hydroxide with a pH value of 11.0). A color change is readily visible as exemplified

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by Figures 1a and 1b. The color change can be quantitated by measuring the light absorption of the reaction mixture.

Figure 1a shows a red color change produced by the substrate compound 14 (a) no sialidase added (left), (b) with sialidase added (right). Figure 1b shows an orange color change produced by the substrate compound 11 (a) no sialidase added (left), (b) with sialidase added (right).

General Methodologies. The following general methods are applicable to the synthesis of compounds of the invention. Modifications or variations of these methods can readily be utilized by those skilled in the art having the benefit of the instant disclosure.

Esterification. N-Acetyl-D-neuraminic acid is treated with methanol-washed Dowex 50W-X4 in methanol with stirring at room temperature for a period of time, generally 4 h. The mixture is filtered, and the filtrate is concentrated to give the desired esterified product after crystallization.

Those skilled in the art would recognize that other standard procedures are available for esterification of the same material, such as the use of other cation exchange resins, e.g., Amberlyst 15 or Dowex 50W-X8, among others.

O-Acetylation and Glycosyl Chloride Preparation. Treatment of the esterified product with acetyl chloride with stirring at room temperature under anhydrous conditions for a period of time, generally 20-24 h, results in formation of the per-O-acetylated glycosyl chloride. Note that in some instances the bubbling of dry hydrogen chloride (gas) into the reaction vessel is necessary to effect glycosyl chloride formation. Concentration of the reaction mixture with the water bath temperature not exceeding 35°C, and drying the residue in vacuo provides the product as a foam sufficiently pure for subsequent reactions.

Those skilled in the art would recognize that other standard procedures are available for O-acetylation and glycosyl chloride preparation of the same material, including a previously reported two-step procedure (Kuhn, et al., 1966) which involves per-O-acetylation of the same material with acetic anhydride in perchloric acid, followed by formation of the glycosyl chloride by treatment with acetyl chloride.

O-Glycosylation. Treatment of the substituted hydroxybenzaldehyde derivative with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran with stirring at room temperature for a period of time, generally 1-3 h, results in formation of the sodium salt. Subsequent treatment of the sodium salt with the glycosyl chloride (compound 3) with stirring, for a period of time, generally 12-60 h, at room temperature results in O-glycosylation. Concentration of the reaction mixture, treatment of the residue with ethyl acetate and water, separation and drying of the organic

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phase, concentration of the organic phase, and column chromatography of the crude material affords the desired O-glycoside.

Those skilled in the art would recognize that other standard procedures are available for O-glycosylation of the same materials, such as traditional Lewis Acid-mediated O-glycosylation methodologies (Okamoto and Goto, 1990), as well as the use of alternate salts of the substituted aromatic hydroxyl derivative, including tetrabutylammonium (Baggett and Marsden, 1982) or silver (Holmquist and Brossmer, 1972) salts, among others.

<u>De-O-acetylation and De-esterification</u>. The protected O-glycoside is taken up in aqueous sodium hydroxide and stirred at room temperature for a period of time, generally 1-4 h. The mixture is then adjusted to pH 3-5 with Dowex 50W-X4 (H+) resin. Filtration, followed by lyophilization of the filtrate affords the desired de-O-acetylated and de-esterified material.

Those skilled in the art would recognize that other standard procedures are available for the complete de-O-acetylation and de-esterification of the same material, including a two-step procedure which involves complete de-O-acetylation of the same material with sodium methoxide in methanol or with an appropriate ion exchange resin, e.g. Amberlite IRA-400 (OH-), followed by de-esterification using conditions of acid hydrolysis or base hydrolysis.

Synthesis of Chromogenic Substrates of Sialidases

A. Compounds with General Structure I and their salts and derivatives, may be prepared using any of several methods known in the art for the synthesis of substituted sialic acid analogs containing analogous structures.

To illustrate, synthetic approaches for selected examples (Figure 2) from General Structure I are summarized in the following reaction scheme and are representative of the types of procedures which can be employed. Table 1 lists specific compounds, the synthesis of which is exemplified herein.

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TABLE 1.

HO OH CO2H
AcHN HO R₁ R₃

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Compound	R ₁	R ₂	R ₃
5	Н	Н	СНО
6	Н	Н	CH=CHNO ₂
10	Н	OCH,	СНО
11	Н	OCH ₃	CH=CHNO ₂
13	осн,	Н	СНО
14	ОСН,	Н	CH=CHNO ₂

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In another specific embodiment, the subject invention includes compounds having the following structures:

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HO OH CO₂H Br Br OR
AcHN HO Br Br

Advantageously, these compounds produce a blue color change when acted upon by a sialidase.

Figure 2 illustrates constructing a basic skeleton of General Structure I via acid-mediated esterification of commercially available N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (1) to provide methyl N-acetyl-D-neuraminate (2), and subsequent per-O-acetylation and generation of the glycosyl chloride (3) according to modifications of known procedures (Kuhn et al., 1966; Ogura et al., 1986; Patel and Richardson, 1986). Treatment of compound 3 with the sodium salt of numerous substituted hydroxybenzaldehyde derivatives would provide the key intermediates to the desired targets (compounds 4, 9, and 12). Generation of the sodium salt would be accomplished with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran. This method of O-glycosylation has already been applied in the stereoselective preparation of numerous -O-glycosides of N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (Myers, et al., 1980; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Carbohydr. Res., 1987; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Glycoconjugate J., 1987; Okamoto and Goto, 1990; Warner and O'Brien, 1979) derived from aromatic hydroxyls. However, none of the products described herein are contained in the aforementioned references. Synthetic approaches to or references to

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synthetic approaches to intermediates (1) and (2) are contained in the aforementioned references. Subsequent de-O-acetylation and de-esterification of the resulting intermediates can be accomplished with an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and workup involving acidification of the reaction medium. This provides access to the formyl substituted phenolic-O-glycosides (compounds 5, 10, and 13).

Treatment of the derived targets (compounds 5, 10, and 13) with nitromethane, ammonium acetate, and acetic acid in ethanol under reflux provides access to the desired nitrovinyl targets (compounds 6, 11, and 14). This procedure has been utilized in the preparation of nitrovinyl analogs of other monosaccharides (Patel and Richardson, 1986; Aamlid, et al., 1990) as chromogenic substrates for the assay of glycosidases; however, none of the products or intermediates described herein are contained in the aforementioned references.

It should also be noted that the p-nitrophenyl O-glycoside of N-acetylneuraminic acid (General Structure I, wherein, $R_1 = R_2 = R_4 = R_5 = H$ and $R_3 = NO_2$ has been reported as a chromogenic substrate of sialidases (Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Carbohydr. Res., 1987). Condensation of compounds 5, 10, or 13 with any of numerous aromatic keto compounds in the presence of ammonia and ammonium chloride, provides ready access to numerous chromogenic substrates of sialidases (for representative examples, see compounds 15 and 16 Figure 2) of General Structure I.

B. Compounds with General Structure II and their salts and derivatives, may be prepared using any of several methods known in the art for the synthesis of substituted sialic acid analogs containing analogous structures.

To illustrate, synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structure II (Figure 3) are summarized in the following reaction scheme and are representative of the types of procedures to be employed. Figure 3 illustrates constructing a basic skeleton of General Structure II via acid-mediated esterification of commercially available N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (1) to provide methyl N-acetyl-D-neuraminate (2), and subsequent per-O-acetylation and generation of the glycosyl chloride (3) according to modifications of known procedures (Kuhn $et\ al.$, 1966; Ogura $et\ al.$, 1986; Patel and Richardson, 1986). Treatment of any of numerous substituted indoxyl 1,3-diacetate compounds (compound 17) with sodium methoxide in anhydrous N,N-dimethylformamide readily provides the modified 3-hydroxy indole (compound 18). This procedure has been utilized in the preparation of 5-bromo-3-hydroxyindole (compound 18, wherein, $R_1 = R_3 = R_4 = H$ and $R_2 = Br$) (Eschenfelder and Brossmer, $Glycoconjugate\ J.$, 1987). Subsequent

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treatment of the compound 18 with compound 3 in anhydrous N,N-dimethylformamide provides the desired modified indole O-glycoside (compound 19) according to a known procedure for the preparation of methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(5-bromoindol-3-yl)- α -D-neuraminate (compound 19, wherein, $R_1 = R_3 = R_4 = R_5 = H$ and $R_2 = Br$) (Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Glycoconjugate J., 1987). Analogously, 3-indolyl O-glycosides of other monosaccharides have been prepared using these and alternate conditions (Robertson, 1927; Freudenberg, et al., 1952; Anderson and Leeback, 1961; Horwitz, et al., 1964; Ley, et al., 1987); however, none of the products or intermediates described herein are contained in the aforementioned references. Treatment of compound 19 with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran, followed with an alkyl halide (R,Br) would provide the N-alkylated product. Subsequent de-O-acetylation and de-esterification of the resulting intermediates can be accomplished with an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and workup involving acidification of the reaction medium. This provides access to the substituted indole -O-glycosides (compound 20). It should be noted that N-acetyl-2-O-(5-bromoindol-3yl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (compound 20, wherein, $R_1 = R_3 = R_4 = R_5 = H$ and $R_2 = Br$) has been utilized as a chromogenic substrate for sialidases of many different origins (Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Glycoconjugate J., 1987).

C. Compounds with General Structures IIIa and IIIb and their salts and derivatives, may be prepared using any of several methods known in the art for the synthesis of substituted sialic acid analogs containing analogous structures.

To illustrate, synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structures IIIa and IIIb are summarized in Figure 4 and are representative of the types of procedures to be employed. Figure 4 illustrates constructing a basic skeleton of General Structures IIIa/IIIb via acid-mediated esterification of commercially available N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (1) to provide methyl N-acetyl-D-neuraminate (2), and subsequent per-O-acetylation and generation of the glycosyl chloride (3) according to modifications of known procedures (Kuhn et al., 1966; Ogura et al., 1986; Patel and Richardson, 1986). Treatment of compound (3) with the sodium salt of numerous substituted coumarin derivatives provides the key intermediates to the desired targets (compound 21). Generation of the sodium salt can be accomplished with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran. This method of O-glycosylation has already been applied in the stereoselective preparation of numerous -O-glycosides on N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (Myers, et al., 1980; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Carbohydr. Res., 1987; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Glycoconjugate J., 1987; Okamoto and Goto, 1990; Warner and O'Brien, 1979) derived from aromatic hydroxyls, including specific examples

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for the preparation of a substituted coumarin O-glycoside (compound 21, wherein, $R_1 = H$ and $R_2 = CH_3$) (Warner and O'Brien, 1979; Myers, et al., 1980). Subsequent de-O-acetylation and de-esterification of the resulting intermediates can be accomplished with an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and workup involving acidification of the reaction medium. This provides access to the modified coumarin O-glycosides (compound 22).

D. Compounds with General Structures IVa and IVb and their salts and derivatives, may be prepared using any of several methods known in the art for the synthesis of substituted sialic acid analogs containing analogous structures.

To illustrate, potential synthetic approaches for selected examples from General Structures IVa and IVb are summarized in Figure 5 and are representative of the types of procedures which can be employed. Figure 5 illustrates constructing a basic skeleton of General Structure IVa/IVb via acid-mediated esterification of commercially available N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (1) to provide methyl N-acetyl-D-neuraminate (2), and subsequent per-O-acetylation and generation of the glycosyl chloride (3) according to modifications of known procedures (Kuhn et al., 1966; Ogura et al., 1986; Patel and Richardson, 1986). Treatment of compound (3) with the sodium salt of numerous substituted naphthol derivatives would provide the key intermediates to the desired targets (compound 23). Generation of the sodium salt can be accomplished with sodium hydride in tetrahydrofuran. This method of O-glycosylation has already been applied in the stereoselective preparation of numerous -O-glycosides on N-acetyl-D-neuraminic acid (Myers, et al., 1980; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Carbohydr. Res., 1987; Eschenfelder and Brossmer, Glycoconjugate J., 1987; Okamoto and Goto, 1990; Warner and O'Brien, 1979) derived from aromatic hydroxyls. However, none of the products described herein are contained in the aforementioned references. Synthetic approaches to, or references to synthetic approaches to, intermediates (1) and (2) are contained in the aformentioned references. Subsequent de-O-acetylation and de-esterification of the resulting intermediates can be accomplished with an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and workup involving acidification of the reaction medium. This would provide access to the modified naphthyl O-glycosides (compounds 24).

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F. Biochemical Evaluation for the Chromogenic Product of the Sialidase Substrate

Compound. The source of sialidase was from purified recombinant bacterial sialidase from

Salmonella T., whole influenza virus, or culture medium containing secreted human sialidase

from 2CFSME0 cell line. The sialidase preparation was added to a buffer of 0.1 M sodium

acetate at pH6.0, and the substrate compound 14 was provided at about 0.5 mM

concentration. The reaction took place in room temperature for 20 mins in a volume of 100 μ l. At the end of the reaction, the pH was adjusted by adding a solution (0.2 M glycine, and sodium hydroside with a pH value of 11.0). A color change to red was readily visible as examplified by Figures 1a and 1b. The color change was quantitated by measuring the light absorption of the reaction mixture. The light absorption was scanned with a photospectrometer. The peak value for compound IBX4010 is 495 nm. At a substrate concentration of 0.2 mM, the light absorption at 495 nm with a 1 cm path is 1.203. The control in which the reaction mixture was kept under the same condition for 10 minutes without addition of any enzyme had an absorption of 0.282 at 495 nm with a 1 cm path.

Compound 11 was tested by the same method. At the end of the reaction with pH adjusment, a color change to orange was readily visible as exemplified by Figures 1a and 1b. The color change was quantitated by measuring the light absorption of the reaction mixture. Ten minutes after the reaction, the mixture of the reaction product was adjusted to basic pH and the light absorption was scanned with a photospectrometer. The peak value for compound IBX4023 is 480 nm. At a substrate concentration of 0.2 mM, the light absorption at 480 nm with a 1 cm path is 4.065. The control in which the reaction mixture was kept under the same condition for 10 minutes without addition of any enzyme had an absorption of 1.452 at 480 nm with a 1 cm path.

G. Classes of Chromogenic Substrate Compounds of Sialidases. As used herein, the "effective amount" of a compound of the invention required for the use in the method presented herein will differ not only with the particular compound to be selected but also with the mode of application, and the nature of the sample specimen. The exact amount will be evaluated by testing with a sufficient number of clinical samples in each application as conducted by persons skilled in the art. However, a generally suitable concentration will range from about 0.1 to about 10 mM/ml of testing solutions. Furthermore, the compounds may be used as pure chemical applied to a test solution, or as a pure chemically acceptable salt or derivative. However, it is preferable to provide the active chemical or its chemically acceptable salt or derivative, as a medicinal formulation, either as a dry material (reaction solution provided seperately), or as a solution or suspension (an aqueous solution or other chemically acceptable solvent solutions), or as a dip stick. The subject specimen can be applied to the test for measuring the activity levels of sialidases. Those skilled in the art having the benefit of the instant disclosure will appreciate that amounts and modes of application are readily determinable without undue experimentation.

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The following detailed examples for methods of preparation are for illustration only, and are not intended to represent a limitation of the invention. The structures of the compounds whose preparations are described below are summarized in Table 1 for modified phenol derivatives and in Figure 3 (for a single example where $R_1 = Cl$; $R_2 = Br$; $R_3 = R_4 = R_5 = H$). In all cases synthetic intermediates and products were found to be pure according to standards known to those skilled in the art (such as thin layer chromatography, melting or boiling points, gas chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, and/or high pressure liquid chromatography, elemental analysis, and spectroscopic methods). Furthermore, structures were characterized and assigned by spectroscopic methods considered standard practices by those skilled in the art (such as infrared, ultraviolet, and mass spectroscopies, ¹H and ¹³C nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, and/or x-ray crystallography). Selected spectral data are described for intermediates and products.

Example 1 — Preparations of methyl N-acetyl-β-D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)-α-D-neuraminate (4), and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (5)

The overall scheme is shown in Figure 6.

Preparation of Methyl N-acetyl-β-D-neuraminate (2). To a stirred suspension of N-acetylneuraminic acid (1) (10.0 g, 32.3 mmol) in methanol (1.0 L) was added methanol-washed Dowex 50W-X4 (25.0 g) under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature protected from light. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 4 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The residue was crystallized from methanol to afford pure compound (2) (10.1 g, 96%): mp 178-180°C (d). A literature reference (Kuhn et al., 1966) reports mp 179-180°C. A second literature reference (Ogura et al., 1986) reports mp 180-182°C.

¹H NMR (D₂O): (1.73 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3a,4}$ 12.0 Hz, $J_{3a,3c}$ 13.3 Hz, H-3a), 1.87 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.14 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3c,4}$ 5.0 Hz, H-3e), 3.33-3.48 (m, 2 H), 3.52-3.58 (m, 1 H), 3.62-3.68 (m, 1 H), 3.65 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 3.69-3.76 (m, 1 H), 3.84-3.92 (m, 2 H).

Preparation of Methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3). A suspension of compound (2) (3.67 g, 11.3 mmol) in acetyl chloride (225 mL) was stirred under anhydrous conditions at room temperature protected from light for 24 h. The resulting solution was concentrated to dryness, the residue was coevaporated with anhydrous ether (2 X 50 mL), followed by coevaporations with anhydrous benzene (2 X 50

mL). Note that in all evaporations, the water bath temperature was maintained at or below 35°C. The residue was dried in vacuo to afford pure compound (3) (4.8 g, 83%) as a syrup. A literature reference (Ogura et al., 1986) reports mp 116-118°C; whereas, a second literature reference (Kuhn et al., 1966) reports compound (3) as a syrup.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): (1.92 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.06, 2.07, 2.10, 2.14 (4 s, 12 H, 4 X OAc), 2.28 (dd, 1 H, $J_{34,4}$ 11.3 Hz, $J_{34,36}$ 13.5 Hz, H-3a), 2.79 (dd, 1 H, $J_{36,4}$ 4.5 Hz, H-3e), 3.89 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 4.07 (dd, 1 H, $J_{8,9}$ 5.6 Hz, $J_{9',9'}$ 11.6 Hz, H-9'), 4.13-4.28 (m, 1 H, H-5), 4.36 (dd, 1 H, $J_{6,7}$ 2.5 Hz, $J_{5,6}$ 10.5 Hz, H-6), 4.43 (dd, 1 H, $J_{8,9'}$ 2.9 Hz, H-9''), 5.18 (ddd, 1 H, $J_{7,8}$ 6.7 Hz, H-8), 5.40 (ddd, 1 H, $J_{4,5}$ 10.4 Hz, H-4), 5.49-5.52 (m, 2 H, H-7, NH).

Preparation of Methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (4). To a stirred solution of 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (121 mg, 0.98 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (6.0 mL) was added portionwise sodium hydride (48 mg of a 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 1.2 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 25 min. The mixture was treated with compound (3) (500 mg, 0.98 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 52 h. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL), and washed with water (15 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 15 mL), and combined organic phases were dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 1:1 acetone-hexanes as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (4) (238 mg, 41%): $R_f = 0.26$ (1:1 acetone-hexanes; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): (1.95 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.07, 2.09, 2.13, 2.22 (4 s, 12 H, 4 X OAc), 2.32 (ut, 1 H, $J_{3a,3e} = J_{3a,4} = 13.2$ Hz, H-3a), 2.77 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3c,4}$ 5.0 Hz, H-3e), 3.67 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 4.10-4.22 (m, 2 H), 4.24-4.32 (m, 1 H), 4.63 (dd, 1 H, J 2.0 Hz, J 11.7 Hz), 4.97-5.06 (m, 1 H), 5.30 (d, 1 H, J 12.6 Hz), 5.41 (s, 2 H), 7.20 (d, 2 H, J 9.6 Hz, 2 X ArH), 7.86 (d, 2 H, J 9.6 Hz, 2 X ArH), 9.95 (s, 1 H, CHO).

Preparation of N-Acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (5). A solution of compound (4) (171 mg, 0.29 mmol) in aqueous sodium hydroxide (5.0 mL of a 1.0 M solution, 5.0 mmol) was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to 0°C and treated with methanol-washed Dowex 50W-X4 til pH 3. The mixture was filtered, the filtered resin was rinsed with water, and the filtrate was lyophilized to afford compound (5) (118 mg, 99%): $R_f = 0.31$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H₂SO₄).

ArH), 9.84 (s, 1 H, CHO).

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¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.08 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.05-2.12 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.84 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.6 Hz, $J_{3a,3e}$ 13.1 Hz, H-3e), 3.58-3.69 (m, 2 H), 3.82-3.90 (m, 3 H), 3.92-4.10 (m, 1 H), 4.21 (dd, 1 H, J 1.9 Hz, J 11.3 Hz), 7.32 (d, 2 H, J 9.6 Hz, 2 X ArH), 7.92 (d, 2 H, J 9.6 Hz, 2 X

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Example 2 - Preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-[4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]-α-D-neuraminic acid (6)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 7. For the preparations of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (4), and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formylphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (5), see the experimental details for Example 1.

To a stirred solution of compound (5) (50 mg, 0.10 mmol) in a mixture of ethanol (2.0 mL) and acetic acid (0.05 mL) was added ammonium acetate (50 mg, 0.65 mmol) and nitromethane (0.20 mL, 3.70 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and evaporated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (6) (32 mg, 68%): $R_f = 0.50$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.05 (s, 3 H, NAc), 1.95-2.02 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.89 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.2 Hz, $J_{3a,3e}$ 12.9 Hz, H-3e), 3.57-3.69 (m, 2 H), 3.85-4.00 (m, 4 H), 4.06 (dd, 1 H, J 1.5 Hz, J 10.5 Hz), 7.22 (d, 2 H, J 9.0 Hz, 2 X ArH), 7.64 (d, 2 H, J 9.0 Hz, 2 X ArH), 7.83 (d, 1 H, J 13.5 Hz, H-vinylic), 8.13 (d, 1 H, J 13.5 Hz, H- vinylic).

Example 3 – Preparation of 4-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzaldehyde (8), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-α-D-neuraminate (9), and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (10)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 8.

For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- α -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), see the experimental details presented previously.

Preparation of 4-Hydroxy-2-methoxybenzaldehyde (8). To a stirred solution of 3-methoxyphenol (14.9 g, 120 mmol) in 15% aqueous potassium hydroxide (500 mL) was added chloroform (100 mL). The resulting solution was heated under reflux for 4 h, cooled to room temperature, and treated with 10% aqueous hydrochloric acid til pH 4. The

suspension was filtered, and the filter cake was rinsed with chloroform (150 mL). The chloroform phase was separated, the aqueous phase was extracted with additional portions of chloroform (3 X 50 mL), and the combined organic phases were dried with magnesium sulfate. The solution was then filtered through a short column (silica gel, chloroform as eluting solvent) to afford compound (8). Crystallization from ethyl acetate gave pure compound (8) (1.8 g, 10%): mp 150-152°C. A literature reference (Patel and Richardson, 1986) reports mp 154-156°C. Additional references (Tiemann and Koppe, 1881; de Kiewiet and Stephen, 1931) report mp 153°C.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): (3.87 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 6.32-6.48 (m, 2 H, 2 X ArH), 7.62 (d, 1 H, *J* 9.6 Hz, ArH), 10.1 (s, 1 H, CHO).

Preparation of Methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (9). To a stirred solution of compound (8) (900 mg, 5.92 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (35 mL) was added portionwise sodium hydride (288 mg of a 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 7.2 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 2.5 h. The mixture was treated with compound (3) (2.33 g, 4.58 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 115 h. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (40 mL), and washed with water (40 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 40 mL), and combined organic phases were dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 1:1 acetone-hexanes as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (9) (1.23 g, 43%): $R_f = 0.31$ (1:1 acetone-hexanes; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): (1.96 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.07, 2.09, 2.14, 2.18 (4 s, 12 H, 4 X OAc), 2.23-2.45 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.74 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.9 Hz, $J_{3a,3e}$ 13.7 Hz, H-3e), 3.73 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 3.93 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 4.12-4.22 (m, 2 H), 4.25-4.30 (m, 1 H), 4.60 (dd, 1 H, J 1.8 Hz, J 12.6 Hz), 4.96-5.08 (m, 1 H), 5.28-5.47 (m, 3 H), 6.65 (d, 1 H, J 3.0 Hz, ArH), 6.74 (dd, 1 H, J 3.0 Hz, J 9.6 Hz, ArH), 7.82 (d, 1 H, J 9.6 Hz, ArH), 10.33 (s, 1 H, CHO).

Preparation of N-Acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (10). A solution of compound (9) (751 mg, 1.20 mmol) in aqueous sodium hydroxide (20.0 mL of a 1.0 M solution, 20.0 mmol) was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The resulting mixture was cooled to 0°C and treated with methanol-washed Dowex 50W-X4 til pH 3. The mixture was filtered, the filtered resin was rinsed with water, and the filtrate was lyophilized

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to afford compound (10) (288 mg, 54%): $R_f = 0.34$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.08 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.04-2.12 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.87 (dd, 1 H, J_{3,4} 5.6 Hz, J_{3a,3c} 15.0 Hz, H-3e), 3.60-3.68 (m, 2 H), 3.81-3.95 (m, 4 H), 3.93 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 4.23 (dd, 1 H, J 3.7 Hz, J 11.2 Hz), 6.85 (dd, 1 H, J 5.7 Hz, J 11.4 Hz, ArH), 6.97 (d, 1 H, J 5.7 Hz, ArH), 7.75 (d, 1 H, J 11.4 Hz, ArH), 10.0 (s, 1 H, CHO).

Example 4 – Preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-[3-methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]-α-D-neuraminic acid (11)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 9. For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), see the experimental details presented previously.

For the preparations of 4-hydroxy-2-methoxybenzaldehyde (8), methyl *N*-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminate (9), and *N*-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-3-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (10), see the experimental details presented in Example 3.

To a stirred solution of compound (10) (120 mg, 0.27 mmol) in a mixture of ethanol (4.8 mL) and acetic acid (0.12 mL) was added ammonium acetate (120 mg, 1.56 mmol) and nitromethane (0.48 mL, 8.86 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and evaporated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (11) (48 mg, 36%): $R_f = 0.64$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.06 (s, 3 H, NAc), 1.98-2.03 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.88 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.1 Hz, $J_{3e,3e}$ 14.0 Hz, H-3e), 3.59-3.68 (m, 2 H), 3.75-4.00 (m, 4 H), 3.95 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 4.11 (dd, 1 H, J 2.5 Hz, J 11.4 Hz), 6.82 (d, 1 H, J 10.8 Hz, ArH), 6.95 (br s, 1 H, ArH), 7.54 (d, 1 H, J 10.8 Hz, ArH), 8.00 (d, 1 H, J 13.5 Hz, H-vinylic), 8.22 (d, 1 H, J 13.5 Hz, H-vinylic).

Example 5 – Preparation of methyl N-acetyl-4.7,8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (12) and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (13)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 10. For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), see the experimental details presented previously.

Preparation of Methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (12). To a stirred solution of vanillin (4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde) (273 mg, 1.8 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (12.0 mL) was added portionwise sodium hydride (86 mg of a 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 2.2 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature. The resulting mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 2.5 h. The mixture was treated with compound (3) (700 mg, 1.38 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 68 h. The mixture was concentrated to dryness, the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (25 mL), and washed with water (25 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 25 mL), and combined organic phases were dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, chloroform, followed by ethyl acetate as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (12) (322 mg, 38%): $R_f = 0.64$ (1:8 acetone-ethyl acetate; UV, H,SO₄).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): (1.94 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.08, 2.09, 2.14, 2.19 (4 s, 12 H, 4 X OAc), 2.33 (ut, 1 H, $J_{3a,3e} = J_{3a,4} = 13.5$ Hz, H-3a), 2.82 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.4 Hz, H-3e), 3.70 (s, 3 H, CO₂CH₃), 3.92 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 4.10-4.18 (m, 2 H), 4.23-4.31 (m, 1 H), 4.52 (br d, 1 H, J 11.4 Hz), 4.97-5.12 (m, 1 H), 5.20-5.28 (m, 1 H), 5.30-5.40 (m, 2 H), 7.32 (d, 1 H, J 9.0 Hz, ArH), 7.41-7.48 (m, 2 H, 2 X ArH), 9.92 (s, 1 H, CHO).

Preparation of N-Acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (13). A solution of compound (12) (236 mg, 0.38 mmol) in aqueous sodium hydroxide (6.0 mL of a 1.0 M solution, 6.0 mmol) was stirred at room temperature for 160 min. The resulting mixture was cooled to 0°C and treated with methanol-washed Dowex 50W-X4 til pH 3. The mixture was filtered, the filtered resin was rinsed with water, and the filtrate was lyophilized to afford compound (13) (152 mg, 91%): $R_f = 0.46$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.08 (s, 3 H, NAc), 2.03-2.12 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.92 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.2 Hz, $J_{3a,3e}$ 13.9 Hz, H-3e), 3.54-3.70 (m, 2 H), 3.80-4.20 (m, 5 H), 3.92 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 7.48 (d, 1 H, $J_{9.6}$ Hz, ArH), 7.52-7.60 (m, 2 H, 2 X ArH), 9.82 (s, 1 H, CHO).

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Example 6 – Preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-[2-methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]- α -D-neuraminic acid (14)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 11. For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), see the experimental details presented previously.

For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (12) and N-acetyl-2-O-(4-formyl-2-methoxyphenyl)- α -D-neuraminic acid (13), see the experimental details presented in Example 5.

Preparation of N-Acetyl-2-O-[2-methoxy-4-(2-nitrovinyl)phenyl]- α -D-neuraminic acid (14). To a stirred solution of compound (13) (25 mg, 0.06 mmol) in a mixture of ethanol (2.0 mL) and acetic acid (0.02 mL) was added ammonium acetate (24 mg, 0.32 mmol) and nitromethane (0.10 mL, 1.9 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 30 min, cooled to room temperature, and evaporated to dryness. The residue was chromatographed (silica gel, 5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride as eluting solvent) to afford pure compound (14) (19 mg, 70%): $R_f = 0.64$ (5:2:1 ethyl acetate-methanol-0.02% aqueous calcium chloride; UV, H_2SO_4).

¹H NMR (D₂O): (2.07 (s, 3 H, NAc), 1.97-2.04 (m, 1 H, H-3a), 2.87 (dd, 1 H, $J_{3e,4}$ 5.1 Hz, $J_{3a,3e}$ 14.0 Hz, H-3e), 3.54-3.69 (m, 2 H), 3.81-4.05 (m, 5 H), 3.93 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 7.45 (d, 1 H, J 9.6 Hz, ArH), 7.48-7.55 (m, 2 H, 2 X ArH), 8.02 (d, 1 H, J 13.3 Hz, H-vinylic), 8.20 (d, 1 H, J 13.3 Hz, H-vinylic).

Example 7 – Preparation of N-acetyl-2-O-(5-bromo-4-chloroindol-3-yl)-α-D-neuraminic acid (28)

The overall reaction scheme is shown in Figure 12. For the preparation of methyl N-acetyl- β -D-neuraminate (2), methyl N-acetyl-4,7,8,9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-chloro-2-deoxy-D-neuraminate (3), see the experimental details presented previously.

Preparation of 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-hydroxyindole (26). To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-4-chloroindoxyl 1,3-diacetate (25) (1.0 g, 3.03 mmol) in anhydrous *N,N*-dimethylformamide (3 mL) was added sodium methoxide (270 mg, 5.00 mmol). The resulting dark-colored reaction mixture was degassed with nitrogen (g) for 30 min at room temperature.

Preparation of methyl N-acetyl-4.7.8.9-tetra-O-acetyl-2-O-(5-bromo-4-chloroindol-3-yl)- α -D-neuriminate (27). The reaction mixture of compound (26) in N,N-dimethylformamide was treated with stirring with compound (3) (238 mg, 0.468 mmol) at

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room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere protected from light. After 16 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum, coevaporated with xylenes (3 X 25 mL) to remove traces of *N,N*-dimethylformamide, treated with ethyl acetate (40 mL), and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to a residue that was chromatographed (silica gel, 1:8 acetone-ethyl acetate as eluting solvent) to provide compound 27.

It should be understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and the scope of the appended claims.

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Claims

1. A chromogenic sialidase substrate compound, having a formula selected from the group consisting of General Structure I; General Structure II, General Structure IIIa; General Structure IIIb; General Structure IVa; General Structure IVb; and analogs, salts, and derivatives of the General Structures, wherein the General Structures are defined as follows:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_5 R_4 R_1 R_2 General Structure I

wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I,

6 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 ,

8 OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆,

9 C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₃(CH₂),CH₃,

10 $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 ,

11 NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$,

12 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃SO₃R₆,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,

14 $N(R_6)_2$, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,

OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is

an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where

17 k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$R_5$$
 R_4 R_2 R_4 R_4

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_1 \\
\hline
 & R_2 \\
\hline
 & R_4 \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_2 \\
\hline
 & R_4 \\
\end{array}$$

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or

(CH₂)_nCH₃; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

21 alternatively, for General Structure I,

22 $R_1 = H, R_6, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2$

23 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 ,

25 NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 ,

OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kCN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kNO_2$, where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} -CH = CH & & & \\ -CH = CH & & \\ -CH = C$$

34 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 35 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 36 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 37 alternatively, for General Structure I, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , 38 N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₃(CH₂),CH₃, 39 CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; 40 wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, 41 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 42 43 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 44 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_2 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$ 45 H, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_3$, OPO_1R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j 46 47 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_5 = NO_2$, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈), CN or (CR₈=CR₉), NO₂, where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 48 49 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$,

 OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

51 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 52 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 53 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)$, 54 C1, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 55 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 56 H, OR_{6} , $OC(O)R_{7}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{6})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{6}$, $C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{1}$, 57 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where i is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, 58 $CHO, CO_{2}R_{6}, C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}, C(N\sim OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, OPO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6},$ 59 60 $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or

(CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,

62 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

63 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$;

64 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

65 C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

67 $CH_1CH_1(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

68 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

70 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

71 C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

73 $CH_1CH_1(CH_1)_2$, $CH(CH_2)_mCH_2$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

74 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

75 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

76 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$. 77 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃SO₃R₈, 78 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 79 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH,PO₄R₈, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 80 81 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₃, 82 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, 83 84 CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , 85 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H_1$, OR_8 , 86 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 87 OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an 88 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 89 90 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 91 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 92 OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an 93 integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 94 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_8$, 95 OR₈, or N(R₈)₂; and

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

96 wwherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, 97 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₃(CH₃),CH₃, CH₃SO₄R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 98 99 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃PO₄R₈, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 100 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, 101 102 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j 103 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, 104 CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 105 $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_8 . 106 OC(O)R₂, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 107 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where *i* is an 108 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 109 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 110 $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_2R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_2 . 111 OC(O)R₀, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₀)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₀)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄R₄, $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 112 113 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 114 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_8$, 115 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

> 2. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following formula:

1

2

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I,
- 4 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₄R₆,
- $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_2 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 , 5
- 6 OR6, OC(O)R7, NO2, NH2, N(R6)2, NHC(O)R6, NHC(O)OR6, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO2R6,

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7	$C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$,
8	$CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 ,
9	NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$,
10	$C(N-OH)NH_2, OPO_3R_6, OPO_2(CH_2)_{2}CH_3, CH_2PO_3R_6, OSO_3R_6, OSO_2(CH_2)_{2}CH_3, CH_2SO_3R_6, OSO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_3, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_3, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH_2SO_3(CH_2)_{2}CH_2, CH$
11	or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,
12	$N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , l , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$,
13	OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is
14	an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where
15	k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & \\ \hline \\ CH = CH & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ C$$

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 16 17 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 18 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 19 alternatively, for General Structure I, 20 $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 21 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 22 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 23 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

 R_5

OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F,

CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H, OR₆,

OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ or R₄ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂,

where *k* is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} -CH = CH & -CH & -CH = CH & -CH & -C$$

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 32 33 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$; OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or (CH_1) , CH_3 ; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 34 35 alternatively, for General Structure I, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , N(R_c)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, 36 37 $CH_1PO_1R_6$, OSO_1R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 38 39 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₃(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 40 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 41 42 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$ H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 43 OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j 44 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_2 = NO_2$, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈), CN or (CR₈=CR₈), NO₂, 45 46 where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 47 $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, 48 OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3.

3. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following formula:

HO OH CO₂H
$$R_1$$
 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

wherein, R₁ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂,
C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,
or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂,
Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆,
OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ =
H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,
OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j

is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

- 11 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,
- OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$ or
- (CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,
- 14 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 15 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$.
- 1 4. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
AcHN HO General Structure IIIa

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,
- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,
- 6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,
- where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.
- 5. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following formula:

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$.
- 6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,
- where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.
- 1 6. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_7 R_5 R_4 R_7 R_8 General Structure IVa

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,
- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$,
- 6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,
- 7 OSO₂R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$
- 8 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂,
- 9 OPO₃ R_8 , OPO₃ (CH_2) CH_3 , CH₂PO₃ R_8 , OSO₃ R_8 , OSO₂ (CH_2) CH_3 , CH₂SO₃ R_8 , or CN, where j
- is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F,
- CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_7CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,
- OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₈,
- OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,
- OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO,
- 16 $CO_{2}R_{8}$, $C(O)N(R_{8})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{2}$, $OPO_{3}R_{8}$, $OPO_{2}(CH_{2})/CH_{3}$, $CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{8}$, $OSO_{3}R_{8}$,
- OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR₈,
- 18 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,
- 19 OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$,

 $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_0$, 21

22 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

7. The compound, according to claim 1, wherein said compound has the following 1

2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, 3

4 C(N~OH)NH2, OPO2R8, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH2PO2R8, OSO2R8, OSO2(CH2),CH3, CH2SO2R8,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 5

6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₃(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,

7 OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$

8 H, OR₄, OC(O)R₅, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,

9 OPO₂R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j

is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 10

CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 11

12 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_8 ,

13 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,

14 OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

15 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO,

16 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈,

17 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 ,

18 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,

19 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an

20 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$,

21 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_8$,

22 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

8. A composition for measuring sialidase activity level, comprising a carrier and a chromogenic sialidase substrate compound having a formula selected from the group consisting of General Structure I; General Structure II, General Structure IIIa; General Structure IIIb; General Structure IVa; General Structure IVb; and analogs, salts, and derivatives of the General Structures, wherein the General Structures are defined as follows:

HO OH CO₂H
$$R_5$$
 R_4 R_1 R_2 General Structure I

wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I, 6 7 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, 8 $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 , OR6, OC(O)R7, NO2, NH2, N(R6)2, NHC(O)R6, NHC(O)OR6, Cl, Bt, I, F, CHO, CO2R6, 9 10 C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, 11 $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 12 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 13 14 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , 15 $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is 16 an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_k NO₂, where 17

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH = CH & \\ &$$

19 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 20 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 21 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 22 alternatively, for General Structure I, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 23 $C(N\sim OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, OPO_{2}(CH_{2})_{2}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{2}(CH_{2})_{2}CH_{3}, CH_{2}SO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{4}(CH_{2})_{2}CH_{3}, CH_{2}SO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6}, OSO_{5}R_{6},$ 24 25 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 26 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

 $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an

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integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F,

CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H, OR₆,

OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ or R₄ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂,

34 where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & CH = CH & S \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 & CH_2 \\ \hline \\ CH_$$

35 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 36 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_6 = H$ or 37 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, R₁ or R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, 38 39 $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , C(O) $N(R_6)_2$, C(N~OH) NH_2 , OPO₃ R_6 , OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, 40 CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; 41 wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, C(N~OH)NH2, OPO3R6, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH3PO3R6, OSO3R6, OSO3(CH2),CH3, CH3SO4R6, 42 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$ 43 44 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 45 OSO₂R₄, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₄R₅, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$ 46 H, OR_{6} , $OC(O)R_{7}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{6})_{2}$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{6}$, $C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{2}$, 47 OPO₂R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j 48 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_5 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 49 50 $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)_mCH_1$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, 51 OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

52 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 53 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 54 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 55 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₇, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃PO₄R₆, 56 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 57 H, OR_{6} , $OC(O)R_{7}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{6})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{6}$, $C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{2}$, 58 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j 59 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 60 CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_1CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , 61 $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or

 $(CH_2)_k CH_3$, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, 62

63 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

64 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$;

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, 65

66 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

67 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,

68 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

69 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

70 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)$;

71 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

72 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

73 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

74 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 75

76 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$,

78 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₂R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, 79 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)$, 80 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 81 OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 82 H, OR_{6} , $OC(O)R_{9}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{8})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{8}$, $C(O)N(R_{8})_{7}$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_{2}$, 83 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j 84 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 85 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₈, 86 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H_1$, OR_8 , 87 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄R₈, 88 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 89 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₆ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 90 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 91 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_1$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 92 OC(O)R₂, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 93 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 94 integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 95 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = R_8$, 96 OR_{e_1} or $N(R_{e_2})$;

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

3

4

5

6

97 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_4 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_4)_2$, Cl, Br, L, F, CHO, CO_2R_4 , $C(O)N(R_4)_2$, 98 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, 99 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 100 OSO₃R₈, OSO₃(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 101 102 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, 103 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, 104 105 CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 106 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_{10} 107 OC(O)R₂, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 108 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where *i* is an 109 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO_4 110 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_3PO_3R_8$, OSO_4R_8 , 111 $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 112 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 113 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 114 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 115 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_8$, 116 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

9. A method of measuring sialidase activity in a sample comprising the step of contacting said sample with a composition comprising a chromogenic sialidase substrate compound having a formula selected from the group consisting of General Structure I; General Structure II, General Structure IIIa; General Structure IIIb; General Structure IVa; General Structure IVb; and analogs, salts, and derivatives of the General Structures, wherein the General Structures are defined as follows:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_5 R_4 R_3 General Structure I

k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

7 wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I, 8 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 , 9 10 OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, 11 $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, 12 $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 13 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, 14 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , 15 N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 16 17 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is 18 an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈), CN or (CR₈=CR₈), NO₂, where

$$\begin{array}{c|c} -CH = CH & -CH = CH & -CH = CH & -CH &$$

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 20 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 21 22 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 23 alternatively, for General Structure I, $R_1 = H, R_6, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2$ 24 C(N~OH)NH,, OPO3R6, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH2PO3R6, OSO3R6, OSO2(CH2),CH3, CH2SO3R6, 25 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 26 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, 27 $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an 28

29 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kCN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kNO_2$, where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & \\ CH = CH & \\ CH_3 & \\ CH = CH & \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_$$

 R_5

wherein, $R_4 = H_1 C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 36 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 37 38 $(CH_1)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, R₁ or R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, 39 $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, 40 $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; 41 wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 42 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 43 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 44 Cl. Br. I. F. CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 45 OSO_3R_{6} , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_{6}$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$ 46 $H, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2, C(N-OH)NH_2,$ 47 OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j 48 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_5 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, 49 where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 50 $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)$, CH_3 , or (CH_2) , CH_3 , where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, 51 OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 52

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 53 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 54 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 55 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 56 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_1 =$ 57 H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 58 OPO₁R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₁, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j 59 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 60 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, 61 $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or 62

 $(CH_3)_k CH_3$, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, 63

 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; 64

wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; 65

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, 66

C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃, 67

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, 68

 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; 69

wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 70

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$; 71

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, 72

C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃, 73

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, 74

CH,CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)(CH₂)_mCH₃, or (CH₂)_mCH₃, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; 75

76 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$; 77

78 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$. 79 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₃(CH₃),CH₃, CH₃SO₄R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 80 81 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 82 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 =$ 83 H, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO, R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_3$, 84 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where i 85 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 86 87 $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_1$, $CH_2SO_3R_3$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_c = H$, OR_0 . 88 OC(O)R₂, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₂)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₂)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₄, OPO,(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an 89 90 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 91 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_3PO_3R_8$, OSO_4R_8 , 92 $OSO_2(CH_2)_CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_3$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_3 . 93 OC(O)R₂, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄R₈, $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 94 95 integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 96 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_8$, 97 OR₈, or N(R₈)₂; and

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

wherein, R₁ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂,
C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈,
or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂,
Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,
OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ =
H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,
OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where *j*

2

3

105 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 106 107 $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_8 , 108 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₃)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₃, C(O)N(R₃)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄R₃, $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 109 110 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 111 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 112 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_0$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_0)$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_0 , $C(O)N(R_0)$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_4R_0 , 113 114 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 115 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = R_4$, 116 117 OR_n , or $N(R_n)_2$.

> 10. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following formula:

wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I,

F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, 4 5 $OSO_2(CH_1)$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 , 6 OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, 7 $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, 8 CH₂SO₂R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_{61} OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, 9

NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂,

C(N~OH)NH2, OPO3R6, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH3PO3R6, OSO3R6, OSO3(CH3),CH3, CH3SO3R6, 10

11 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,

12 N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,

OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is 13

14 an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where

k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} -CH = CH & -CH & -CH = CH & -CH & -CH = CH & -CH = CH & -CH & -CH$$

16 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or

(CH₂)_nCH₃; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

19 alternatively, for General Structure I,

18

20 $R_1 = H, R_6, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2,$

21 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 ,

23 NH₂, N(R_6)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂ R_6 , C(O)N(R_6)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃ R_6 ,

OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

25 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

26 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₆,

28 OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$,

31 where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

OR₆

1 2

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_nCH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,

alternatively, for General Structure I, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_5 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kCN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_kNO_2$, where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_nCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3:

11. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following formula:

HO OH CO₂H
$$R_1$$
 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

wherein, R₁ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂,
C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,
or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂,
Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆,
OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ =
H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂,
OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j*

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is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

- 11 CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 ,
- OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$ or
- (CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,
- 14 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 15 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$.
- 1 12. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following
- 2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
AcHN HO General Structure IIIa

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,
- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,
- 6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,
- 8 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.
- 1 13. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following
- 2 formula:

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,
- 6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;
- 7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,
- where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.
- 1 14. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following
- 2 formula:

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$,
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈,
- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$,
- 6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,
- OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$
- 8 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,
- OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)_iCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)_iCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j
- is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,
- 11 CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈,
- OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₈,
- 13 $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 ,
- OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO,
- 16 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_3PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,
- OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR₈,
- 18 OC(O) R_9 , NO₂, NH₂, N(R_8)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂ R_8 , C(O)N(R_8)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄ R_8 ,
- 19 OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₄R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₄R₈, or CN, where j is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$,

- CH(CH₃)(CH₂)_mCH₃, or (CH₂)_mCH₃, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_{\rm e}$,
- OR₈, or $N(R_8)_2$.
- 1 15. The method, according to claim 9, wherein said compound has the following
- 2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

- wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$.
- 4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈,
- or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)$.
- 6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,
- OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂), CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$
- 8 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂,
- 9 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j
- is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,
- 11 CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,
- OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₈,
- OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,
- OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO.
- 16 CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_3(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_3PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,
- OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR₈,
- 18 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,
- OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where i is an
- integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$,
- 21 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_8$,
- OR₈, or $N(R_8)_2$.

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16. A method of making a composition for measuring sialidase activity comprising 2 the step of admixing a carrier with a chromogenic sialidase substrate compound having a formula selected from the group consisting of General Structure I; General Structure II, General Structure IIIa; General Structure IIIb; General Structure IVa; General Structure IVb; and analogs, salts, and derivatives of the General Structures, wherein the General Structures are defined as follows:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_5 R_4 R_7 General Structure I

7 wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, I, 8 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, 9 $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_{62}$ or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_{63} 10 OR6, OC(O)R7, NO2, NH2, N(R6)2, NHC(O)R6, NHC(O)OR6, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO2R6, 11 C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, 12 $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 13 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, 14 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , 15 16 N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 17 OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_1CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_1CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is 18 an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where 19 k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_nCH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_fCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_fCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 ,

 $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F,

CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H, OR₆,

OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

34 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$,

35 where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_5
 R_4

36 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)_4$, CH_3 , or $(CH_3)_m$ CH₃, or $(CH_3)_m$ CH₃, 37 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 38 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, R₁ or R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, 39 N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, 40 41 CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₄R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where i is an integer from 0 to 3; 42 wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 43 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₂R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 44 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 45 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₃PO₃R₆, 46 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_2 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$ 47 H, OR6, OC(O)R1, NO2, NH2, N(R6)2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO2R6, C(O)N(R6)2, C(N-OH)NH2, 48 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j 49 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R_1 or $R_5 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, 50 where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 51 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$,

 OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

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General Structure II

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53 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 54 C(N~OH)NH2, OPO4R6, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH3PO4R6, OSO4R6, OSO4(CH3),CH3, CH3SO4R6, 55 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, 56 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 57 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 58 H, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, 59 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where i 60 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_{6} , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_4)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 61 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, 62 $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or

(CH₂), CH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂, 63

 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; 64

65 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$;

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$, 66

C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃, 67

68 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

69 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 70

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$; 71

72 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

73 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

74 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

75 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

76 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_1)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

77 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_7 R_5 R_4 R_4 R_7 R_8 General Structure IVa

78 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, 79 C(N~OH)NH2, OPO3R8, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH2PO3R8, OSO3R8, OSO3(CH3),CH3, CH3SO3R8, 80 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 81 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 82 OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 83 H, OR_{4} , $OC(O)R_{4}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{4})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{4}$, $C(O)N(R_{4})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{2}$, 84 OPO₁R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j 85 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_8$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 86 87 $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H_1$, OR_8 , 88 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 89 $OPO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 90 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 91 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 92 $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 93 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 94 OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an 95 integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 96 $CH(CH_1)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_0$, 97 OR₈, or N(R₈)₂; and

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 General Structure IVb R_6 R_5

98 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$. 99 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₃(CH₃)₂CH₃, CH₃SO₄R₈. or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 100 101 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃PO₄R₈, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_1 =$ 102 103 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 104 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where i 105 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 106 CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_3(CH_3)_2CH_3$, $CH_3PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , 107 $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR_{\bullet} . 108 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 109 $OPO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where i is an 110 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_9 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO_3 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 111 112 $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H_2$, OR_{22} 113 $OC(O)R_{4}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{8})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{4}$, $C(O)N(R_{4})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{2}$, $OPO_{3}R_{4}$, 114 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 115 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 116 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = R_8$, 117 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

17. A method of detecting or monitoring a sialidase-related disease in a human or animal, wherein said method comprises measuring sialidase activity by contacting a fluid sample from said human or animal with a chromogenic sialidase substrate compound having a formula selected from the group consisting of General Structure I; General Structure III, General Structure IIIa; General Structure IIIb; General Structure IVa; General Structure IVb; and analogs, salts, and derivatives of the General Structures, wherein the General Structures are defined as follows:

1

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3

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5

6

k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

8	wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I ,
9	$F, CHO, CO_{2}R_{6}, C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}, C(N^{\sim}OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, OPO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_$
10	$OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 ,
11	OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 ,
12	$C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}, C(N_{7}OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, OPO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}$
13	$CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2
14	NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$,
15	$C(N \sim OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, OPO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}PO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{3}R_{6}, OSO_{2}(CH_{2})_{j}CH_{3}, CH_{2}SO_{3}R_{6}, \\$
16	or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,
17	N(R ₆) ₂ , NHC(O)R ₆ , NHC(O)OR ₆ , Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO ₂ R ₆ , C(O)N(R ₆) ₂ , C(N~OH)NH ₂ ,
18	$OPO_3R_6, OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3, CH_2PO_3R_6, OSO_3R_6, OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3, CH_2SO_3R_6, or CN, where j is the property of the pr$
19	an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_4 & \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_5 & \\$$

21 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 22 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 23 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 24 alternatively, for General Structure I, 25 $R_1 = H, R_6, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2,$ C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 26 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 27 $NH_{2}, N(R_{6})_{2}, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_{2}R_{6}, C(O)N(R_{6})_{2}, C(N-OH)NH_{2}, OPO_{3}R_{6}, \\$ 28 29 OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ = H, R₆, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F,
 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,
 OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₅ = H, OR₆,
 OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,
 OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where *j* is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ or R₄ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂,

36 where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & CH = CH & \\ & & CH = CH & \\ & & CH_3 & \\ & & & CH_2 & \\$$

R5

wherein, R₆ = H, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂, CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)(CH₂)_mCH₃, or (CH₂)_mCH₃,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₇ = R₆, OR₆, or N(R₆)₂; wherein R₈ = H or

(CH₂)_nCH₃; where n is an integer from 0 to 3;

alternatively, for General Structure I, R₁ or R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂,

alternatively, for General Structure I, R_1 or $R_5 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, C1, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, C1, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, C1, POO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, POO_3R_6 , $POO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, POO_3R_6 , POO

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₃(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ H, OR_{4} , $OC(O)R_{7}$, NO_{2} , NH_{2} , $N(R_{4})_{2}$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, $CO_{2}R_{4}$, $C(O)N(R_{4})_{2}$, $C(N-OH)NH_{1}$, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₁CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or

(CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,

65 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

66 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$;

wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

68 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂);CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₃),CH₃, CH₂SO₄R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

70 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

71 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$

AcHN HO
 R_1

General Structure IIIb

73 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, L, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

74 C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

76 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

77 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$;

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_7 R_5 R_4 R_4 General Structure IVa

79 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, 80 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₃(CH₃),CH₃, CH₃SO₃R₈, 81 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 82 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO_2R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)/CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$ 83 84 H, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, 85 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where i 86 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₄ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, 87 CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 88 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H_1$, OR_8 , 89 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 90 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where *i* is an 91 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₆ = H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO. 92 CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 93 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 94 OC(O)R₆, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 95 OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where *j* is an 96 integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$ 97 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = R_3$. OR₈, or N(R₈)₂; and 98

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99 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₂R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, 100 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, 101 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, 102 103 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_2 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_1 =$ H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, 104 105 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where i 106 is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_{9}$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, 107 CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₃PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, 108 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H_1 OR_8$. OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 109 110 OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an 111 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, 112 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , 113 $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR_8 , 114 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, 115 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_8$, or CN, where j is an 116 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, 117 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_{8}$, 118 OR_8 , or $N(R_8)_2$.

18. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following formula:

- 3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl, Br, L
- 4 F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,
- OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_2 = H$, R_6 ,
- 6 OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, NHC(O)R₆, NHC(O)OR₆, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆,

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7	$C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$,
8	$CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 ,
9	NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$,
10	$C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_{j}CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_{j}CH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$,
11	or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_5 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 ,
12	$N(R_6)_2$, $NHC(O)R_6$, $NHC(O)OR_6$, Cl , Br , I , F , CHO , CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$,
13	OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is
14	an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$, where
15	k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH = CH & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_2 & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\ CH_3 & \\ CH_3 & \\ \hline \\$$

16 wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 17 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 18 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; 19 alternatively, for General Structure I, 20 $R_1 = H, R_6, OR_6, OC(O)R_7, NO_2, NH_2, N(R_6)_2, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6, C(O)N(R_6)_2,$ 21 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, 22 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , 23 NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

 $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$, OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an

25 integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, R_6 , OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

26 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₆,

28 OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆,

OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R_2 or $R_4 = NO_2$, CHO, $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k CN$ or $(CR_8 = CR_8)_k NO_2$,

31 where k is an integer from 1 to 3, or

R5

43 44

45

6

7

10

wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_3)_mCH_3$.

33 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$; wherein $R_8 = H$ or 34 $(CH_2)_n CH_3$; where n is an integer from 0 to 3; alternatively, for General Structure I, R₁ or R₅ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, 35 36 $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$. 37 CH,PO₃R₆, OSO₄R₆, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3: wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, 38 39 C(N~OH)NH2, OPO3R6, OPO2(CH2),CH3, CH2PO3R6, OSO3R6, OSO2(CH2),CH3, CH2SO3R6, 40 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_{2}$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, 41 42 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)$, CH_2 , $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 =$

H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein R₁ or R₅ = NO₂, CHO, (CR₈=CR₈)_kCN or (CR₈=CR₈)_kNO₂,

where k is an integer from 1 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = R_6$,

OR₆, or N(R₆)₂; wherein R₈ = H or (CH₂)_nCH₃; where n is an integer from 0 to 3.

1 19. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following 2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 General Structure II

wherein, R₁ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂,
 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆,
 or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₂ = H, OR₆, OC(O)R₇, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₆)₂,

Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_6 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_6$,

 OSO_3R_6 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_jCH_3$, $CH_2SO_3R_6$, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$

8 H, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, CI, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_6 , $C(O)N(R_6)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$,

9 OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j

is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_6 , $OC(O)R_7$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_6)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

2

11 CHO, CO₂R₆, C(O)N(R₆)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₆, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₆, OSO₃R₆,

OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₆, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$ or

13 (CH₂)_kCH₃, where k is an integer from 0 to 4; wherein, $R_6 = H$, C(CH₃)₃, CH(CH₃)₂,

14 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

15 wherein, $R_7 = R_6$, OR_6 , or $N(R_6)_2$.

1 20. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following 2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
AcHN HO General Structure IIIa

3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$,

where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.

21. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following formula:

3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_3 , $OC(O)R_4$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_3)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_3 , $C(O)N(R_3)_2$,

4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₃, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₃, OSO₃R₃, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₃,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$,

6 $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3;

- 7 wherein $R_3 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, 8 where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = R_3$, OR_3 , or $N(R_3)_2$.
- 1 22. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following formula:

HO OH CO₂H
$$R_7$$
 R_5 R_4 R_7 R_8 General Structure IVa

3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$,

4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$,

6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N-OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH,PO₃R₈,

7 OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂), CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_3 =$

8 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,

9 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j

is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H_1$, OR_{80} , $OC(O)R_{91}$, NO_{21} , NH_{22} , $N(R_{81})$, Cl, R_{11} , R_{12} , R_{13} , R_{14} , R_{15} ,

11 CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_4R_8 ,

OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₈,

OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,

14 $OPO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 , $OSO_2(CH_2)_iCH_3$, $CH_2SO_4R_8$, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO,

16 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)$, CH_3 , $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,

OSO₂(CH₂)_iCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR₈,

18 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,

OPO₂(CH₂)_iCH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)_iCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_3$,

21 $CH(CH_3)(CH_2)_mCH_3$, or $(CH_2)_mCH_3$, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_0 = R_0$,

OR₈, or $N(R_8)_2$.

1 23. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said compound has the following

2 formula:

HO OH
$$CO_2H$$
 R_1 R_2 R_3 R_4 General Structure IVb

3 wherein, $R_1 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$,

4 C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈,

or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_2 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$,

6 Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈,

OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)_jCH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, R₃ =

8 H, OR₈, OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂,

9 OPO₃R₈, OPO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)/CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j

is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_4 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F,

11 CHO, CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N\sim OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_7CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,

OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_5 = H$, OR₈,

13 OC(O)R₀, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₄R₈,

OPO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_6 = H$, OR_8 , $OC(O)R_9$, NO_2 , NH_2 , $N(R_8)_2$, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO,

16 CO_2R_8 , $C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $C(N-OH)NH_2$, OPO_3R_8 , $OPO_2(CH_2)_2CH_3$, $CH_2PO_3R_8$, OSO_3R_8 ,

OSO₂(CH₂),CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_7 = H$, OR₈,

18 OC(O)R₉, NO₂, NH₂, N(R₈)₂, Cl, Br, I, F, CHO, CO₂R₈, C(O)N(R₈)₂, C(N~OH)NH₂, OPO₃R₈,

19 OPO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂PO₃R₈, OSO₃R₈, OSO₂(CH₂)₂CH₃, CH₂SO₃R₈, or CN, where j is an

integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_8 = H$, $C(CH_3)_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$,

CH(CH₃)(CH₂)_mCH₃, or (CH₂)_mCH₃, where m is an integer from 0 to 3; wherein, $R_9 = R_8$,

OR₈, or $N(R_8)_2$.

24. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said sialidase is bacterial sialidase in
 bacterial vaginosis.

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1	25. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said stalidase is bacterial stalidase is
2	periodontial diseases.
1	26. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said sialidase is bacterial sialidase i
2	Pseudomonas aeruginosa infection.
1	27. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said sialidase is viral sialidase in
2	influenza virus infection.
1	28. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said sialidase is human sialidase.
1	29. The method, according to claim 17, wherein said sialidase is trans-sialidase in
2	Trypanosoma cruzi infection.

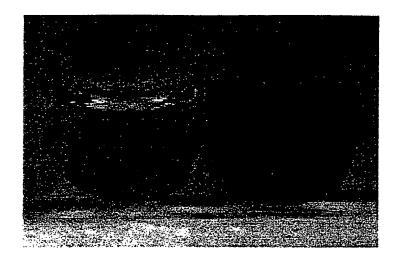


Figure 1a

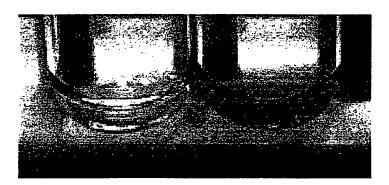


Figure 1b

Figure 2

AcO OAC CI OAC CI
$$R_1$$
 AcO R_2 CH3ONa R_3 DMF R_4 R_4 R_5 DMF

Figure 3

Figure 4

Figure 5

Figure 6

Figure 7

Figure 8

Figure 9

Figure 10

Figure 11

Figure 12

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 C07H15/203 C07H15/26 C07H17/075 C07H17/02 C12Q1/34 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC . 8. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 C07H C120 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages X,Y 1,2, DATABASE WPI 8-10, Week 9019 16-18, Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; AN 90-143137 24-29 XP002095923 & JP 02 088594 A (SNOW BRAND MILK PROD CO LTD), 28 March 1990 see abstract Y WO 92 12256 A (SYMEX CORP) 23 July 1992 1,2, 8-10, 16-18, 24-29 see page 5; claims 1,3,5 -/--Patent family members are listed in annex. X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 0 2 07.99 9 March 1999 Name and mailing address of the ISA **Authorized officer** European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Bardili, W

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Internacional Application No
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ategory *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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	see claim 1; figure 7	
•	PALESE, P. ET AL.: "Applications of a synthetic neuraminidase substrate" APPL. MICROBIOL., vol. 25, no. 2, 1973, pages 195-201, XP002095922 see the whole document	1,2, 8-10, 16-18, 24-29

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

1. Claims: 1, 2, 8-10, 16-18, 24-29

A chromogenic sialidase substrate according to general structure I and alternatives; compositions comprising these compounds and their use for measuring sialidase activity level, in particular for diagnosis; preparation of the compositions.

2. Claims: 1, 3, 8, 9, 11, 16, 17, 19, 24-29

A chromogenic sialidase substrate according to general structure II; compositions comprising these compounds and their use for measuring sialidase activity level, in particular for diagnosis; preparation of the compositions.

3. Claims: 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16, 17, 20, 21, 24-29

A chromogenic sialidase substrate according to general structures III and IIIa; compositions comprising these compounds and their use for measuring sialidase activity level, in particular for diagnosis; preparation of the compositions.

4. Claims: 1, 6-9, 14-17, 22-29

A chromogenic sialidase substrate according to general structures IVa and IVb; compositions comprising these compounds and their use for measuring sialidase activity level, in particular for diagnosis; preparation of the compositions.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US 98/22786

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
see additional sheet
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1,2,8-10,16-18,24-29
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No PCT/US 98/22786

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